**Learning sheet for verb-ing form**

**Learning objectives:**

By the end of this lesson, you are expected to:

1. get a thorough and clear idea of verb-ing form, including the definition, characteristics and function;

2. understand the function of verb-ing form as attributives, adverbs and object complements;

3. apply the rules of using verb-ing form as attributives, adverbs and object complements to practice.

**Teaching procedures:**

**Step 1 Lead in**

* **Complete the sentence according to Chinese.**

Do you know the man \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(正在谈话) with the chairman in the meeting room?

**Step 2 Examining the results of self-study before class**

1. What is the definition of verb-ing?

Verb-ing（又称现在分词，现在进行式），是分词的一种，分词又分为现在分词和过去分词，它们都是非限定动词，现在分词在句子里面不能充当谓语，但能充当其它的一些成分（定语，状语，补语），充当形容词或副词。

2. What are the basic characteristics of verb-ing?

在时间上表示动作正在进行。例如： a developing country，一个发展中的国家，boiling water 沸水，rising sun 冉冉升起的太阳。

在语态上表示主动。例如： the ruling class 统治阶级，the exploiting class 剥削阶级。

3. What sentence elements can the verb-ing be?

The verb-ing form can be used as attributives, adverbials and object complements to add information or give restriction.

**Step 3 Exploration of important and difficult points**

* **Study of the basic rules about verb-ing forms**

\* 现在分词在句子中充当形容词或副词，时间上表\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_，语态上表\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_。

\* 单个分词做定语，位于被修饰词之\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_，分词短语做定语，位于被修饰词之\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_。

\* 现在分词形式做状语可以表示\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_、\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_、\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_、\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_、\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_等。

\* 位于感觉或心理状态的词后做宾补，如see，watch，hear，feel，find等，现在分词表示动作\_\_\_\_\_\_\_；位于使役动词后做宾补，如have，let，keep，get等，现在分词表示\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* **[Practice] Complete the sentences with the proper forms of the verbs given the brackets.**

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_(hold) the rope with one hand, he stretches out the other to the boy in the water.
2. Don’t leave the water \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(run) while you brush your teeth.
3. This is an \_\_\_\_\_\_(amaze) achievement.
4. I appreciate your effort to help people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(live) without Internet.

5. She watched her daughter \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(dance).

6. \_\_\_\_\_(hear) the amazing news, he jumped for joy.

7. \_\_\_\_\_(see) from the top of the hill, we can find that the city looks more beautiful.

8. Don't have the students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(study) all day.

* **[Practice] Choose the best answers**

1. The manager promised to keep us \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of how our business was going on.

A. inform B. informing

C. informed D. being informed

2. I can’t get my car \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on cold mornings, so I have to try\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the radiator with some hot water.

A. run, to fill B. running, filling

C. running, to fill D. ran, filling

3. The tower \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ now in the distance will be completed in two months.

A. being built B. to be built

C. built D. having been built

4. After checking the patient, the doctor ran out of the room, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a deep sigh.

A. let out B. letting out

C. to let out D. to be let out

**Step 4 Review**

